### **EU International Policies and Pastoralism**

A New Deal



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European Committee of the Regions

-Webinar, 14 June 2021-

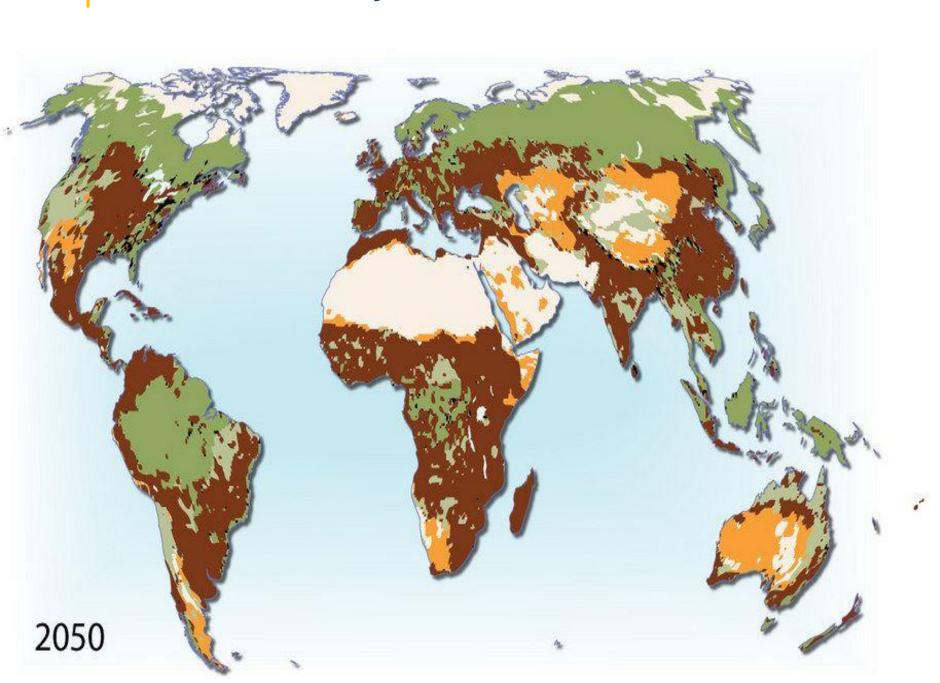


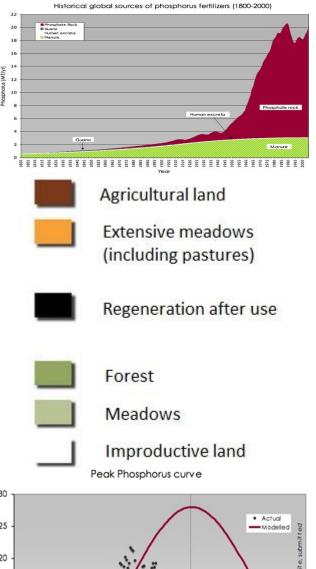
## 1. The evidence leading to the EU Green Deals

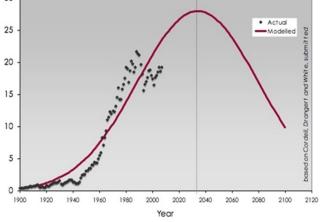


### **Resources scarcity**

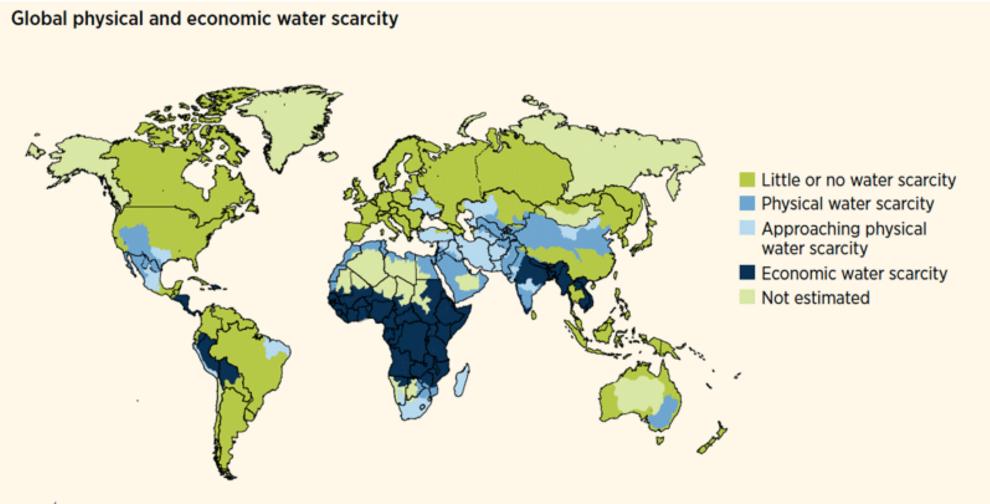
#### Evolution of land use





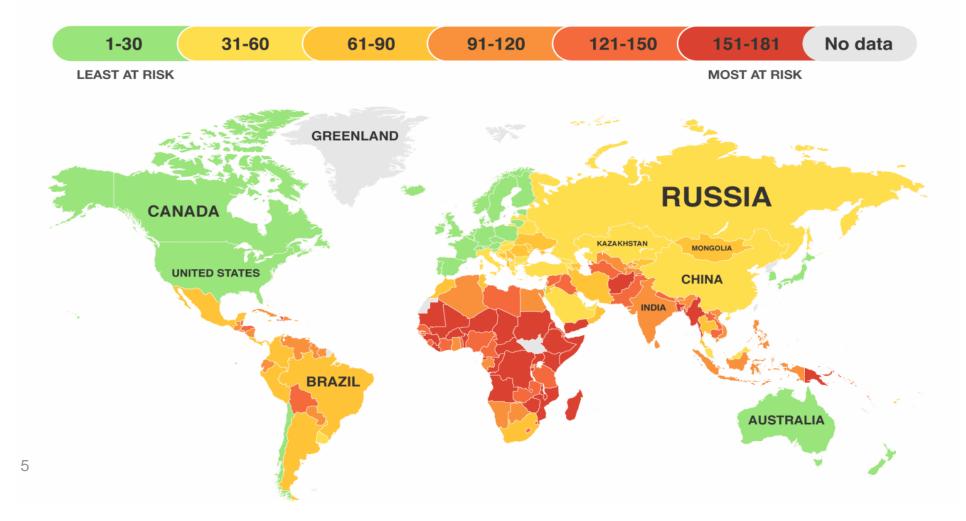


## Economic water scarcity





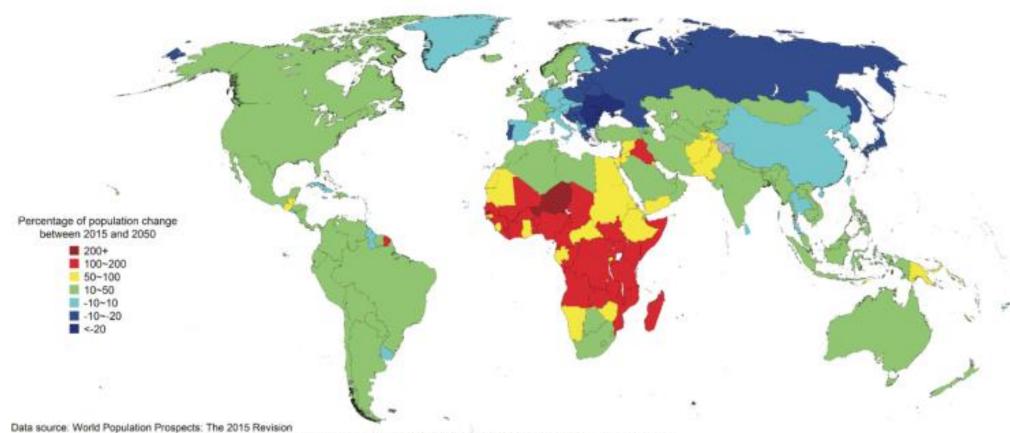
# Country most at risk from climate change world MAP





## Demography

### Projected population growth, 2015-2050



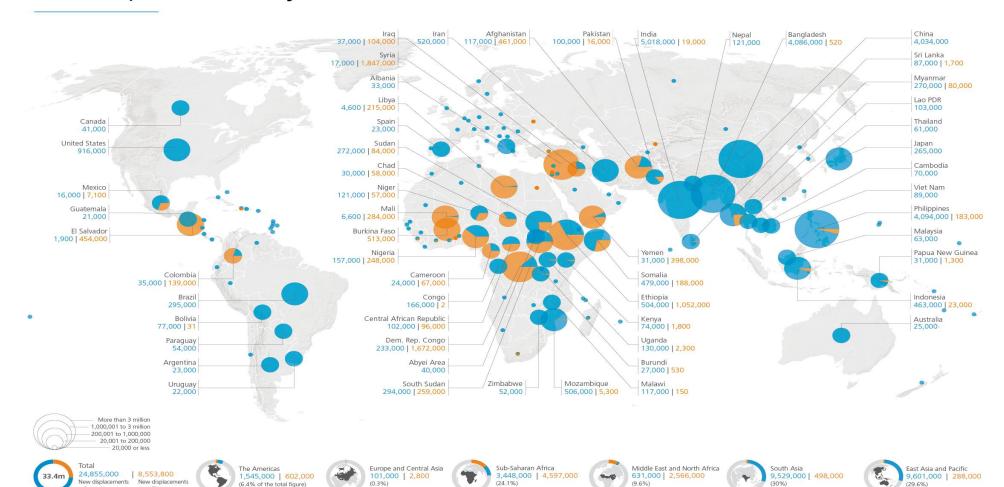
The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Dotted line represents approximately the Line of Control in Jammu and Kashmir agreed upon by India and Pakistan. The final status of Jammu and Kashmir has not yet been agreed upon by the parties.

Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined.



## Internally Displaced Persons

#### New displacements by conflict and disasters in 2019



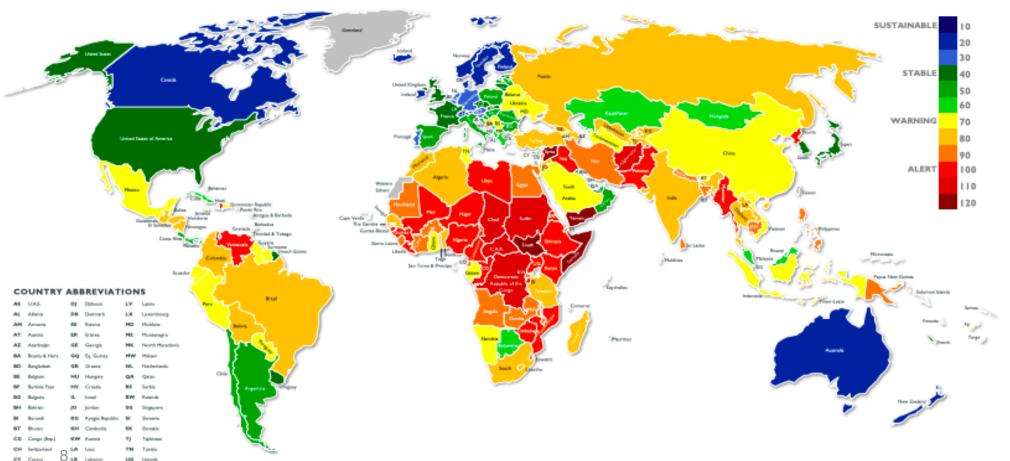




## Fragility



#### THE WORLD IN 2020

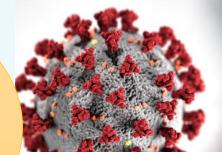




## Foresights: worsening trends Food systems at risk.

**Number of** undernourished people should exceed 840 million by 2030.

(State of Food Security and Nutrition in the World -SOFI -2020)

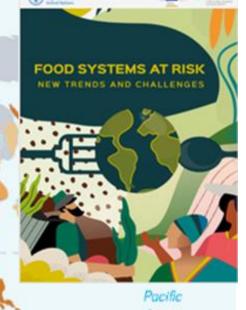


COVID-19

CORONAVIRUS DISEASE 2019

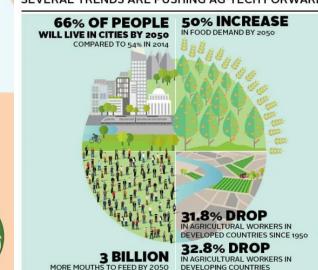
Indian

a third more people in food crisis in **Africa** (Update April 2021, Global Report on Food crises)



Ocean

#### CONFLATING TRENDS



#### Soil degradation

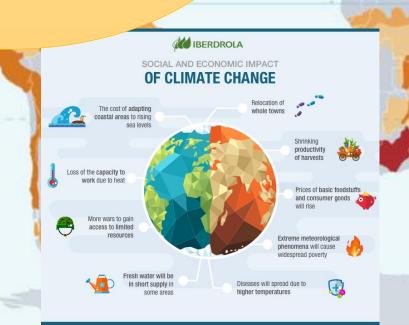
Very high severiry

High severity

Moderate severity

Low severity

Stable land, ice cap or non-used wasteland



Ocean AGRICULTURE ALSO NEEDS TO PRODUCE **50%** MORE FOOD TO NUTRITIOUSLY





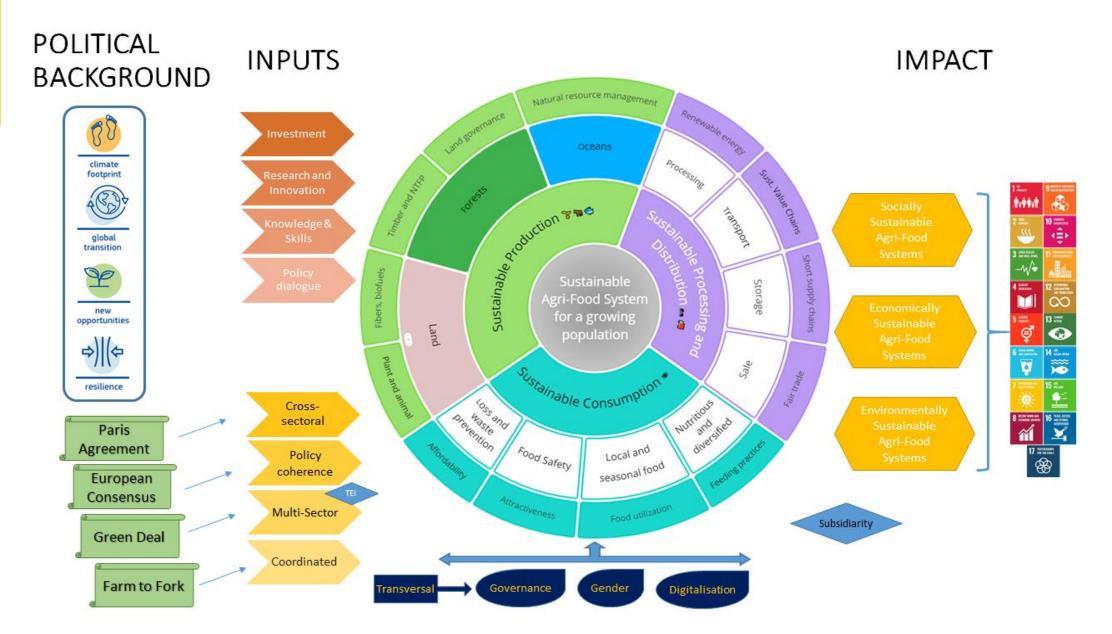




# 2. Within the Green Deals, the Farm to Fork Strategy (F2F):

Towards Sustainable agrifood systems



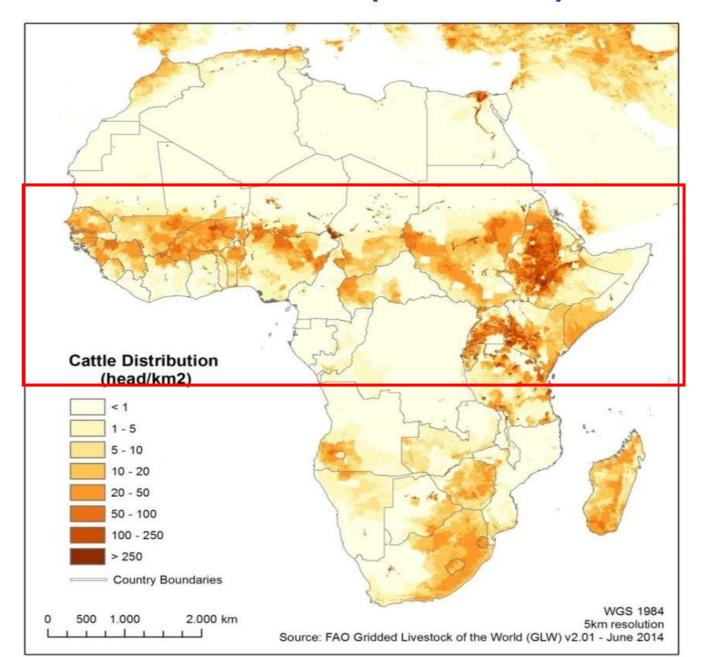




# 3. Pastoralism, an adaptive solution to cope with different shocks

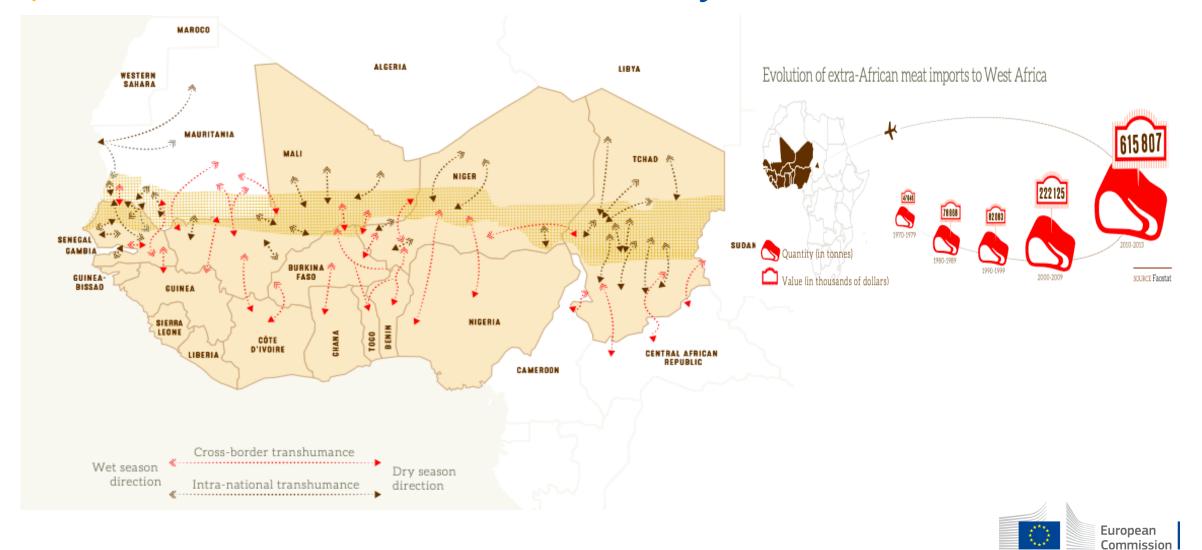


### Cattle distribution in Africa (Head/km2)



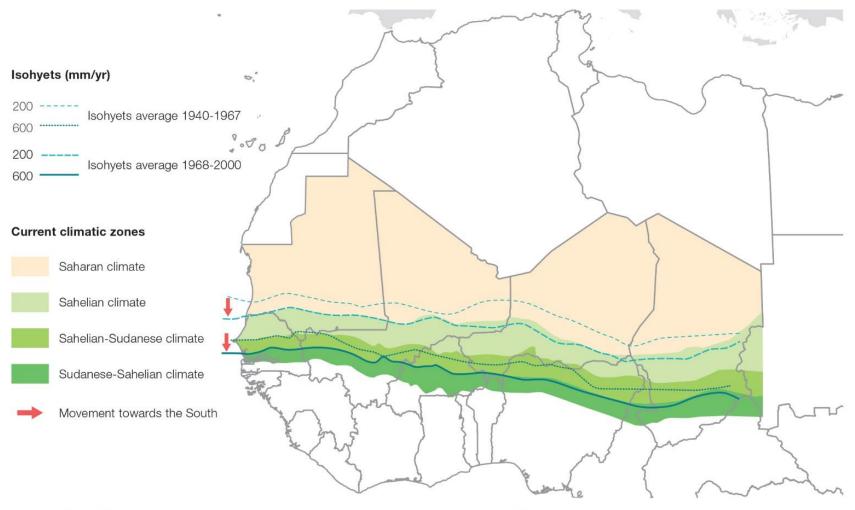


# Regional livestock migration integrates the Sub-Saharan African eco-system.



### **RAINFALL EVOLUTION**

#### Variation in isohyets between 1940-1967 and 1968-2000



Extract: OECD (2014), An Atlas of the Sahara-Sahel: Geography, Economics and Security, OECD Publishing, Paris.



## 4. Way forwards:

- Ongoing Programming
- 35 % for the Green Deals
- Sustainable agri-food systems approach



# Potential EU response: example 1 Peste des Petits Ruminants (small ruminants pest)' eradication in Africa

- "One shot, one spot" Request from UA and African countries
- Very high return on investments (3-years ROI) opportunity for blending finance
- Key entry point for livestock breeding support
- Highly accepted by livestock breeders positive state service penetration prompting stability
- High economic relevance for nomadic pastoralist as well as for small breeders
- Social impact (savings, including in urban areas, for vulnerable household small breeders)
- Gender impact small breeders are often women
- Food security and nutrition outcomes nutritious food











# Example 2 – African Green Wall – as part of natural resources management

#### Goals



- Joint action with MS (Marseille Summit):
- Natural resources protection and restauration – land, water, biodiversity. agroecology
- Economic growth providing sustainable employment opportunities
- Food security/nutrition –
   Decreasing vulnerability to shocks and long term stresses
- Stability conflict reduction



- Geographical level
  - National Support to state services (forestry, extension, etc.)
  - Regional Coordination mechanisms, Monitoring tools
  - Global international dialogue, trade preference



- Subsidiarity
  - EU –MS, WB, ADB, UN, AU, RECs
- Cooperation modalities
  - Budget support,
     Grants, Loans,
     Blending finance, etc.



## THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION

