

# Presentation of the German CAP National Strategic Plan for 2023 2027

CoR NAT MEETING 31.03.2022



Baden-Württemberg

MINISTERIUM FÜR ERNÄHRUNG, LÄNDLICHEN RAUM  
UND VERBRAUCHERSCHUTZ

**Coalition of European**  
**AGRIREGIONS**

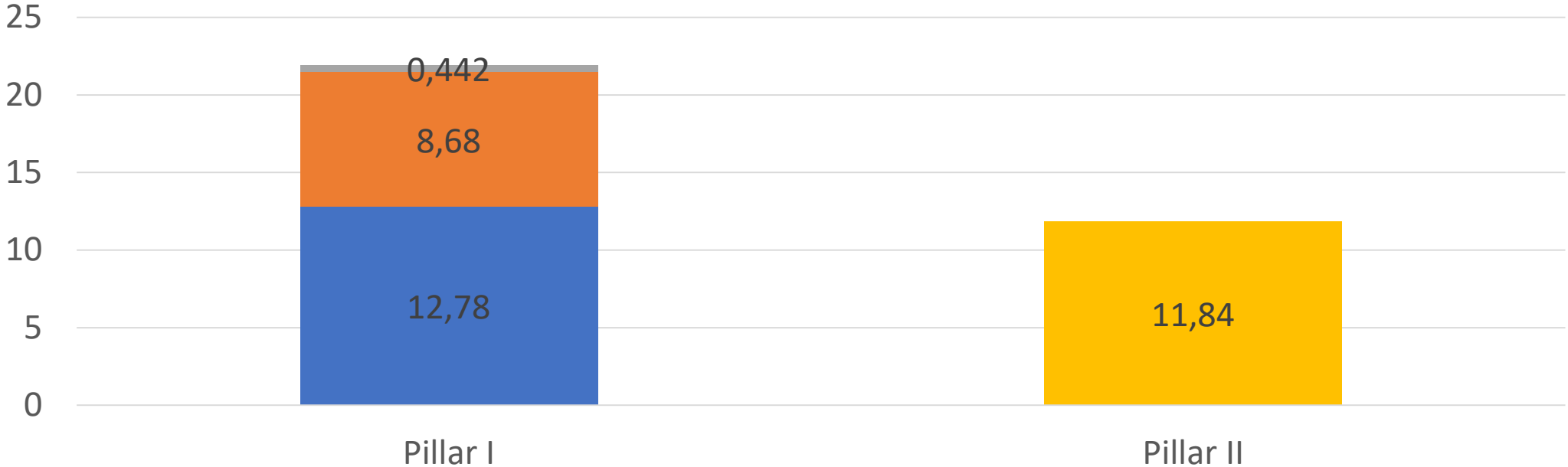
# Budget distribution in % in DE

% of Direct Payments in Germany		
50%	Basic Income Support for Sustainability	No capping
12%	Complementary redistributive income support for sustainability	Beneficiaries: all Farms, 1. - 40. ha = 69 € / ha 41. - 60. ha = 41 € / ha
3%	Complementary income support for young farmers	134 €/ha up to 120 ha for max. 5 years; additional support for young farmers in II. Pillar
23%	Eco schemes	seven different eco schemes; mainly enhancing biodiversity, CO <sub>2</sub> -sequestration, reduction of phytosanitary products and extensification of grassland
2%	Coupled income support	mother sheep, mother goat and suckler cow husbandry
10%	Transfer to the second pillar	rising to 15 % in 2026



# Budget distribution in % in DE

EAGF and EAFRD (including national cofinancing) in Germany  
in billion €



■ Basic Income Support   ■ Other Direct Payments   ■ Sector direct Payments   ■ EAFRD



# Regional Interventions

## European Agricultural Fund for Rural Development (EAFRD)

- National Budget: 8.239,0 Million EUR (just EU-budget)
- Baden-Württemberg: 706,5 Million EUR
- Bavaria: 1.487,3 Million EUR



# Focus on eco schemes

## Coalition of European AGRIREGIONS

### Eco Schemes in Germany

### Main approach

#### I: Areas for biodiversity

- fallow on arable land,
- green stripes or areas with flowers on arable land
- Green stripes or areas with flowers in permanent cultures
- Grass stripes as refuge structures on grassland

Creating refuges in arable land, permanent crops and grassland for Biodiversity

#### II: diversified crops (min. 10 % legumes)

Enhancing agro-biodiversity, enhancing organic matter in soil, reduction of fertilizer through high crop diversity with a minimum of 10 % legumes

#### III: Agroforestry on arable land and/or grassland

Carbon sequestration in wood

#### IV: Extensification of the farms whole grassland

Reduction of livestock / ha, phytosanitary products and fertiliser

#### V: Extensification of greenland with certain characteristic flowers and plants for extensive High Nature Value-grassland

Improvisation of biodiversity

#### VI: management of arable or permanent cultures without chem.synth phytosanitary products

Reduction of phytosanitary products

#### VII: management of arable land, grassland or permanent cultures in natura2000 zones

No new drainage and no major earth works (deposition / excavation)

# Governance

## Germany

- **National and regional Managing Authorities (MA)**

- national MA: coordination of the national GAP-SP responsible for the 1. Pillar and coordination of the 2. Pillar
- regional MA: 2. Pillar: competence according to the constitutional provisions of the federal states
- The regional MA's tasks for example:
  - Existence of regional IT systems , data will be summerized on national level
  - Communication and information to the beneficiaries and administration of the interventions
  - Participation in the evaluation during the implementation period
  - Delivery of the respective data/information for the performance report
  - Take appropriate follow-up action on COM comments particularly in the area of EAFRD and the fruit and vegetables, apiculture and wine sector programmes
  - preparation of adjustments in the GAP-SP particularly in the area of EAFRD



# Governance

## Germany

- **National Monitoring Committees and regional monitoring Committees**
  - National monitoring committee at federal level
  - Regional monitoring committee  
in order to support the preparation and implementation of interventions in particular the EAFRD programmes
  - Regulations  
among others:
    - Rules of procedure
    - administrative regulations



# Governance

## Germany

- **Number of Programmes Interventions:**
  - 1. Pillar: 12 (including 7 eco schemes) + 23 sector programmes
  - 2. Pillar: 28
- **National Interventions + Nationale Interventions with some details at regional level** (2. Pillar and Sector programmes)
- **Definition of the Eligibility Condition:** Regional level of details
- **Definition of Rural Areas:**
  - new: cities with 100.000 inhabitants plus further exceptions and further limitations on regional level
  - actual: in BW: cities with 65.000 inhabitants





# Regional Interventions

## Design of the 2. Pillar in Baden-Württemberg 2023-2027 (EAFRD)

### New Programmes:

- Training of adults in agriculture and rural areas
- Promotion of yield insurance in fruit and wine growing
- Climate bonus for reforestation (Klimaprämie Wald)

### Improvement of the existing programmes:

mainly:

- Programme for agri-environment and climate protection and animal welfare (FAKT):
  - 6 measures will be deleted especially to avoid double funding with eco schemes
  - 17 new measures will be implemented with the main emphasis:
    - improvement of animal welfare (pigs, chicken, calves, cattle)
    - measures to reduce chemical-synthetical pesticides
    - strengthening of soil and climate protection



# Main identified challenges

- Greater need for coordination between state and federal governments
- Uncertainty: How will the programmes/interventions will be accepted by the beneficiaries?
- (Optimisations of the combinations of interventions of the 1.+2. Pillar)
- Uncertainty: How financial planning remain stable under changing economic conditions?
- How can we achieve administrative simplifications?

